

Hartford Republican

NAN A. ANDERSON, Editor

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FRIDAY, AUGUST 28 1896.

Rates and Terms

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Local notices 10c per line first insertion and 5c each subsequent insertion. Large contracts special rates. Calls on candidates and political matter 10c per line.



X
Republican Ticket.

ELECTION NOV. 3. 1896.

For President,
WILLIAM MCKINLEY,
of Ohio.

For Vice President,
GARRETT A. HOBART,
of New Jersey.

For Congress,
JOHN W. LEWIS.
From 4th District of Kentucky.

ELECTORS FOR KENTUCKY.

At Large—O. S. Deming, Mt. Olivet.

At Large—S. H. Kash, Manchester.

First District—W. S. Mason, of Mayfield.

Second District—George H. Towery.

Third District—J. F. Taylor, of Glasgow.

Fourth District—J. S. R. Wedding, of Hartford.

Fifth District—Charles S. Stiglitz, of Louisville.

Sixth District—D. B. Wallace, of Warsaw.

Seventh District—John L. Bosley, of Paris.

Eighth District—N. Daniel Miles, of Nicholaville.

Ninth District—Robert Buckley, of Mt. Olivet.

Tenth District—J. B. Marecum, of Jackson.

Eleventh District—H. G. Trimble, of Somerton.

A VOTE for Bryan and free silver means a vote against labor and against your own interest.

JNO. D. WHITE is contesting the nomination of Congressman Colson to Eleventh District.

MCKINLEY and honest money and a chance to earn it, is the watchword of every true American.

A VOTE for Bryan and free silver means a vote for the western mine owners and against your own interest.

TARIFF reform that brings the government out in debt \$13,000,000 a month and closes factories and compels thousands and tens of thousands of mechanics to live in enforced idleness may be all right from a Democratic standpoint, but it isn't the kind of tariff reform that McKinley stands for.—[Wabash Tribune.]

As Major McKinley said Monday to a delegation of a thousand pottery workers from East Liverpool, O., the people have more time to devote to politics this years than they had four years ago, and mean to recover the business they have lost. "They know how they lost it, and they know where they lost it, and they know how to get it back, and they mean to do it. They will not follow a party whose politics imperil our financial integrity and the honor of the country."

It is cheering news to the Republicans of this end of the 4th Congressional District to learn that the Hon. Jno. W. Lewis is met by enormous crowds wherever he is billed to speak. The people are almost unanimous for him. McKinley for President, Hobart for Vice President, Lewis for Congress is a ticket worthy the support of ever true patriotic, and a vote for the Republican ticket means a vote against repudiation and for home products and home people. Vote for Lewis this fall.

There were seventeen juries called on Mr. G. B. Likens, trustee of the jury fund, in body last Thursday and it was suggested that a vote be taken to ascertain each man's views on the currency question. The vote being taken, it was found that 16 were for the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 and one vote for the single gold standard. It was then suggested that the remaining seven be seen and it be ascertained how they stood on the currency question. The following day it was found that six favored the free coinage of silver and one the single gold standard. Thus it will be seen that only two out of twenty-four gentlemen from different portions of the county are for the single gold standard. The above 24 men were composed of Democrats, Republicans and Populists.—[Hartford Herald.]

In proof of the truth of the foregoing assertion the *Herald* is requested to publish the names and propertied of each jurymen interviewed and how each voted, or to acknowledge by its failure to do so, that the foregoing is a "campaign lie" of its own manufacture.

THESE who vote for free silver vote for free trade.

ONE of the best mathematicians and one of the most intelligent politicians in Kentucky has been figuring on the vote of this State by districts, and after allowing the "Demolit," or Bryan party for more than we think they are entitled to, gives McKinley a majority of 6,000. The plurality he puts much larger.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

MUCH CONFUSION and a NOisy CONVENTION.

MONDAY the Democratic Convention convened at the Court House. What the crowd lacked in numbers they made up in noise. It was said by some of our older citizens that it was by far the most noisy crowd that ever assembled in convention in Hartford. The house was called to order by Chairman G. B. Likens and Mr. Jo B. Vickers was elected to preside over the body, and Mr. Heber Matthews who was elected secretary, and the convention proceeded to business without any further organization. R. Holbrook offered a resolution that Ohio county's vote be given to Hon. D. R. Murray first and Hon. D. H. Smith second. This raised a howl from Sweeney men, who raved and cawed while the Chairman pounded for order. Mr. F. L. Felix declared that under that resolution Mr. Sweeney stood no show; he had been "resolved" out. Mr. Likens offered a substitute to Holbrook's resolution which was voted down. Finally C. W. Hussy got the floor and said he was going to hold it, and he did hold it until the Chairman recognized H. P. Taylor who tried to still the turbulent waters by pleading for harmony. During the meeting Tom Stevens got mad and started to leave the hall several times disgusted, but returned.

It was finally decided to give Ohio county's vote to Mr. Murray first and Mr. D. H. Smith second, and after a speech from Mr. Murray the convention adjourned.

NOT ONE COMPLAINT has ever been made by those using Ayer's Sarsaparilla according to directions. Furthermore, we have yet to learn of a case in which it has failed to afford benefit. So say hundreds of druggists all over the country. Has cured others, will cure you.

DEMOCRATS WILL NOT ENDORSE DURHAM.

This is what Chairman Parker, of the Populist party, says:

"There is no time for compromise or surrender. We have given the Democratic opportunities to meet us on open ground of union, and they have refused to do it. We accepted their Presidential candidate because he was true and tried, and first in the field, and for these reasons, if the Democrats are in earnest, when they meet at Elizabethtown to nominate a candidate, they should nominate Hon. J. E. Durham, as an evidence of their good faith with the people, and for the benefit of the farmers of the district, who have been lawyers. Be patriotic, gentlemen—rise above party!" Give us Durham.

WHEN the proposition is made at the District Convention, Dave Murray, Sweeney and the two Smiths will laugh until their sides ache. The idea of asking the Popocats to concede anything to the men whose creed they have stolen, is really laughable to Murray and his friends. But when the Populists get in their work for Durham, and help elect Lewis, the laugh will be on the Populist side of the house. Many of the farmers are for protection, and yet are Populists, and will never vote for a free trader.

FEED THE NERVES.

UPON pure, rich blood and you need not fear nervous prostration. Nerves are weak when they are improperly fed and insufficiently nourished. Pure blood is their proper food, and pure blood comes by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which is thus the greatest and best nerve tonic. It also builds up the whole system.

C. C. Mengel & Bros. in a little pamphlet of seven pages discuss with their employees the silver question in a very clear and conclusive way. It is difficult to see how a workingman who reads and understands this paragraph can be for free silver: "A man receiving for labor \$10 per week under our present financial policy, can buy 23 grains of gold, and with it he can purchase about 8,250 grains of silver; would he not be foolish to take 4,125 grains of silver now for his wages, with nothing to protect him but the promise of men who claim to know more than the balance of mankind?" A vote for free silver is a vote for lower wages.

CERALVO.

There is much sickness in this community. Miss Norma and Nina Milner visited relatives in Ashbyburg last week.

The public school at this place will be taught by Mr. John H. Wood and will begin Monday September 7th.

Miss Malie Tichenor, Rumsey, is visiting friends and relatives near here.

Messrs W. A. Casebeer and J. H. Wood left Tuesday for a trip to the Minnewaska Cave.

The public school at Hickory Hill will be taught by Mr. C. E. Smith beginning Augt 1st.

Take advantage of our low rate and get your favorite country paper from now until Nov. 25, for 25 cents cash in advance.

HARDINSBURG

THE DEMOCRATS OF Breckinridge County Hold Their Convention.

NO Enthusiasm and a Small Crowd.

HARDINSBURG, KY., Aug. 24, 1896.

The Populist Democrats assembled in the Court House to day to select delegates to the Congressional Convention at Elizabethtown. This county to be sure was for Mr. Murray for Congressman from this district.

Notwithstanding this is Mr. Murray's home county, and that this is also a Presidential year, there was one precinct—the Bewleyville precinct in which no precinct convention had been held, showing in some degree the great apathy existing among Democrats in this county.

The convention was conspicuous because of the absence of some of our leading citizens who were once high up in the councils of the Democratic Party, but who are now allied with the National Democratic Party, or else are supporting Mr. McKinley.

The convention was called to order by county chairman Jesse Whitworth who stated that the object of the "gathering" was to select delegates to attend the Elizabethtown Convention. Mr. R. C. Richardson was made temporary chairman and J. D. Babbage Secretary. Committees on credentials, permanent organization and resolutions were appointed. The committee on permanent organization suggested Judge Milton Board for permanent chairman and he was chosen.

The resolutions which were exceedingly short for a Popocratic Convention endorsed the Chicago Plat form, and Mr. Bryan. Chairman Board appointed a committee of five to select delegates, and while they were out the convention was entertained by fervid orator from Hoa. W. Minor and Mr. Gustavus Brown who was the Democratic elector for this district. Mr. Minors effort was very good. Mr. Brown made a stagger at an argument, but he got so far out at sea that he failed to make landings, and so after wandering helpless about he worked himself into a frenzy and wound up his speech by cruelly kicking President Cleveland and Hon. J. G. Carlisle out of the Democratic party.

The Popocrats will have a grand rally here on Saturday the 5th of September. Flaming posters announced that a "Free Silver" rally will take place on that day. Chas. Bronston of legislative fame, who until recently was on the fence financially, but who suddenly, and with unseemly haste scrambled down on the free silver side, and Hon. Joe Parker chairman of the Populist State Central Committee are announced as the orators of the day.

A remarkable feature of this rally is that the pesters which invite all to come and hear "good news and glad tidings of great joy," are signed by J. H. Lennin chairman of the Peoples Party county Committee, and J. Whitworth chairman of the Democratic Party, which erstwhile went around as a roaring lion seeking whom it may devour, and the innocent Populist Lamb here lain down to sleep.

Two years ago these same Democrats could not abuse the Populists too severely. More than that, they spoke in derision of Populist measures and Populist leaders. Now we behold the painful spectacle of these same Populists coming weekly up to this same old Democratic party and weekly asking to vote for Mr. Bryan, notwithstanding, Mr. Bryan and the party he represents have coolly and studiously slighted Mr. Watson whom the Populists have named for Vice President.

CAN'T sensible Populists see that they are being made cat's paws of?

ROBIN HOOD.

THREE QUESTIONS for the Advocates of Free Coinage of Silver to Answer.

To the Editor of The Commercial:

The cross roads, free silver professional office seekers tell the farmers that the act of 1873 demonetized silver, and that not coining silver now is the cause of the panic of 1893 and the three years of hard times that followed. If this is true what caused the panic of 1893 and the three years of hard times that followed, when, according to Coin, silver was coined?

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ROBIN HOOD.

FEELS SPRINGS heard From.

A McKinley and Hobart Club was organized August 8, and meets regular every two weeks and the doors are open for all different political parties to hear and to be heard on all questions. F. M. Hauer, our chairman, and next County Judge, is yet in the panic and he is a very short horse but none of the Dewy Pops can claim him. Our assistant Secretary, O. S. White, will be our next County Clerk. He is a young man and is our present post master, and is a true Christian of the United Baptist order and is a man of undoubted integrity. We also have deputy sheriff Stevens for our next sheriff. And above all other favors we favor Editor Anderson for our next Circuit Court Clerk.

OUR next meeting will be the 5th of September, at 7 o'clock p.m.

COME one, come all and hear the truth as it is recorded for all ages to come.

J. S. DAUGHERTY, Sec'y.

ROBIN HOOD.

FEELS SPRINGS heard From.

The Lexington Leader says:

"It is a noticeable fact that these fellows who do the most talking are the least inclined to work, and I might also truly add that they know but little about the subject usually under discussion. The truth of these assertions has been demonstrated to my entire satisfaction many times.

There are a lot of blowhards in Lancashire who sit about the hotels and drug stores from early morn until deep eve and gable about free silver and

other political topics that they know nothing about, as though the fate of the nation depends on their verdict. These fellows are parasites, for they toil not, neither do they spin; yet they live, or at least they exist. What does it profit a man to spend his time in bootless discussions of subjects which his opinions can not alter in any way, nor would he be richer is his views should be carried out. Gentlemen, if you will eschew politics and employ your time at remunerative labor hard times will give way to good times, the money question will be settled and you will be healthier, wealthier and wiser."

NO FUSION.

POPULISTS in Kentucky Must Fight Their Battles Alone.

LEXINGTON, KY., Aug. 22.—"You can win with all certainty," said a gentleman on the inside of political affairs, "that there will be no fusion of Kentucky Democrats and Populists. Though the proposition of fusion submitted by the Populist committee to Major P. P. Johnson at Louisville has been taken under advisement, the answer to be given on Monday will mean that the Populists must fight their battles in this state unaided by the Democrats.

"The proposition which the Populists submitted demanded that they be given two of the Democratic electors and that conventions, free silver men, Democrats or Populists, would be accorded the right of voice, held in the first and Second Congressional districts, in which they propose to put up candidates for Congress.

THE CANOE or SAILBOAT.

The secret of the Robert Smith Pale Ale Brewing Company, which has gone into the hands of a receiver, is said to have admitted that the large falling off in sales, to which the failure is ascribed, was due almost entirely to the fact that the company did not advertise, says the Cleveland World. The local business man of today cannot expect to stave off a crash long if he does not make a point of informing the public what he has on sale, and he can only do this effectively by advertising in the home papers. They are his mainstay, going everywhere, and reaching all classes of buyers and sellers, and the man who advertises in them in a judicious manner never wants for customers.

YOU CAN'T MAKE a dollar a day, work for a half until you can better; keep out of debt if it is possible to do so, live within your income and you will have less occasion to complain of hard times. If he spends more than he makes, he will always be in debt. If silver is ever made "free" he will have to work just as hard to get it as he now works. If we had less politics and more attention to business it would be better for all of us.—[Georgetown Times.]

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WHAT IS TO MEANS.

Some Facts for Free Silverites to Consider Over.

It means that 16 ounces of silver for debt-paying purposes shall be made, by law, worth as much as one ounce of gold.

One ounce of gold will now coin \$16. Sixteen ounces of silver shall be made to coin \$16.00.

You can buy in any market to-day 16 ounces of silver for \$9.94. The profit is 87 per cent, or \$8.00.

In other words, if a man borrows of you to-day \$18.00 he can pay you, if "free silver at sixteen to one" becomes a law, with \$8.00.

Look out that it doesn't!

Silver is merely a commodity, like tin, iron or wood.

If the government should say \$9.94 worth of wood shall cost \$18.00, would you buy it? Certainly not.

The silver dollar to-day is worth 53 cents. Its present ratio to gold is about thirty-to-one. All the governments in the world cannot change the commercial value of silver any more than that of coal, iron, tin or copper!

The more silver produced the cheaper it will get!

WOULD ENGLAND, FRANCE or GERMANY take in payment of debt from us for \$18.00, \$9.94, simply because our government sold that \$9.94 worth of silver

BOOTS & SHOES

Now that the mornings are getting cool
and the children are going to school
will be compelled to have shoes.

FAIR BROS. & CO.

Want to say to their patrons they have in
their

ENTIRE LINE

OF THESE GOODS

At Prices That are
—A Way BELOW
The Average Merchant

ANY FARMER

Having Large
Families to Shoe

WILL SAVE MONEY

BY CALLING ON US.

Fair Bros. & Co.
Proprietors.

Hartford Temple of Fashion.

SEASIDE DAY & NIGHT TIME TABLE

WEST BOUND.

Fast Mail	7:16 a. m.
Accommodation	11:43 a. m.
Way Freight	3:3 p. m.
Accommodation	8:18 p. m.
New Orleans Limited	11:22 p. m.

EAST-BOUND.

Cincinnati Limited	4:33 a. m.
Accommodation	5:24 a. m.
Way Freight	6:36 a. m.
Accommodation	1:29 p. m.
Fast Mail	7:30 p. m.

HARLEM MERRICK, Agt.

Liquid Electricity Testimonials.

My wife suffered for twelve years with sour stomach and indigestion. I tried everything I heard of without getting relief. By the use of one bottle of Liquid Electricity she was not only relieved, but entirely cured. I found it effectual for cure of toothache also. HENRY ROACH McHenry Ky.

I stepped on a rusty nail and run it almost through my foot, causing a severe painful and dangerous wound. After trying everything that is usually used and getting no relief, I purchased a bottle of Liquid Electricity. After applying it a few times I was relieved of pain and swelling began to reduce and in a short time was able to walk. I earnestly recommend it as the best remedy I ever used.

MRS. MARY A. WILSON, McHenry Ky.

On night of June 26th, 1896, I was bitten by a very poisonous spider. After using several remedies without any relief I purchased a fifty-cent bottle of Liquid Electricity; and after a few applications was greatly relieved. Am confident it was instrumental in saving my life. I cheerfully recommend it to suffering humanity as a valuable family medicine.

DUNCAN PENMAN,

McHenry, Ky.

I have healed several scalds and burns very rapidly by the use of Liquid Electricity. I think it the best healing remedy I ever used.

WILLIAM CHRISTIAN, Blacksmith,

McHenry, Ky.

I have used Liquid Electricity for cuts, a rapid healer, and reliable remedy.

MRS. ANNIE DUNCAN,

McHenry, Ky.

I am authorized to appoint sub-agents; and am prepared to furnish same with this wonderful remedy.

D. S. DUNCAN, Gen. Agt.,

52 St McHenry, Ky.

We dislike very much to have to notify our subscribers that we need money, but such is the case. We have several thousand dollars owing us on subscription, which is just, due and unpaid. We have been very easy on some of you, but now we are compelled to have what is due and when we will be forced to bring suit for the amount due. Now, if you are owing a good-sized subscription account you will please take NOTICE.

The Foot of a Fly

says an eminent English doctor, "will carry enough poison to infect a house hold."

In summer-time, more especially, disease germs fill the air, multitudes are infected, fall ill, die; multitudes escape. These messengers of mischief do not exist for millions. Why not? Because they are healthy and strong —protected as a crocodile is against gun-shots. It is the weak, the wasted, the thin-blooded who fall; those who have no resistive power so that a sudden cough or cold develops into grave disease. We hear of catching disease why not catch health? We can do it by always maintaining our healthy weight.

Scott's Emulsion.

of Cod-liver Oil, is condensed nourishment; food for the building up of the system to resist the attacks of disease. It should be taken in reasonable doses all summer long by all those whose weight is below the standard of health. If you are losing ground, try a bottle two days.

For sale by all druggists at \$1.00 and \$1.50.

THE OLDEST AND THE BEST

Cough-cure, the most prompt and effective remedy for diseases of the throat and lungs, is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. As an emergency medicine, for the cure of Croup, Sore Throat, Lung Fever and Whooping Cough,

AYER'S

Cherry Pectoral cannot be equaled. E. M. BRAWLEY, D. D. Dis. Sec. of the American Baptist Publishing Society, Petersburg, Va., endorses it, as a cure for violent colds, bronchitis, etc. Dr. Brawley also adds: To all ministers suffering from throat troubles, I recommend

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Awarded Medal at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS Cure Liver and Stomach Troubles

Save your laundry for Lyman Williams.

Col. Ion B. Nall, Louisville, was in town the first of the week.

Prof. J. D. Coenman, Frankfort, is the guest of his father's family this week.

Field & Holbrook are selling Buggies, harness, Moxie's lapdusters and whips.

Miss Nora Martin, Beaver Dam, was the guest of the Misses Allen this week.

Mr. Sam P. Render, of Dallas, Tex., is spending a few days with his father's family.

Green Barnett, a highly respected colored citizen of Hayti, died last Saturday.

Jno. T. Moore has been spending several days with his parents at Sulphur Springs.

Remember our campaign off'r, THE REPUBLICAN from now until after the election for 25cts. cash.

Mr. L. M. Render, Louisville, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Render, this week.

Miss Annie Fogel will leave in a few weeks for Lexington, Ky., where she will enter Hamilton College.

Dr. G. B. Renfrow, of Benton, Ky., who is visiting his home folks at Sulphur Springs, was in town last Saturday.

Mr. E. L. Meyers, of Render, is quite sick with typhoid fever at the home of Mr. Jno. Bishop, of Center-town.

Field & Holbrook buy their buggies by the car load direct from the manufacturer paying cash. Hence the low prices.

Marriage license: Lawrence Ralph to Maud Midkiff, L. C. Brown to Minnie Maddox, C. W. Lewis to Mrs. M. J. Thomas.

You will see in another column in this issue the "ad" of Kahn Bros., of Louisville, represented at this place by J. A. Thomas.

Prof. O. M. Shultz and wife have gone to South Carrollton, where Prof. Shultz has been engaged to teach in West Kentucky College.

Mr. Jacob S. Scott died at his home near Prentiss Wednesday, aged about 55 years. The remains were buried yesterday at East Providence Church. He was a good man and will be greatly missed.

Mr. Arthur Buskirk, who has been stenographer for Heavrin & Taylor for some time, has resigned his position and has gone to his home at Point Pleasant.

Reports from different points of the country indicate that the tobacco worms are still at work on the tobacco crop, and in some instances have almost destroyed the entire crop.

Mr. E. B. Allen has rented the Hartford House and will take charge of same in a few days. Mr. Allen will run a first-class hotel and will furnish his patrons with the very best the market affords.

Mrs. Carrie Williams moved with her family to Bowling Green Monday where they will reside in the future. Hartford has indeed lost some good people when Mrs. Williams and family moved.

Dr. G. B. Slack, who has been spending some time with his home folks at Uniontown, was in Hartford this week on his way to Louisville, where he will attend the Medical Lectures during the winter.

Messrs. T. B. Bell and M. J. Cox, Pleasant Ridge, brought to our office Monday a peculiar worm both in size and looks. The worm has eleven large horns and 52 small ones. It is about 5 inches long and is of a greenish color.

In the case of the Com'th vs. C. L. Brown charged with having committed rape on the person of Etha Tichenor, of Point Pleasant, was tried before his honor, Judge Jno P. Morton, Tuesday and Wednesday of this week and after hearing all the evidence and the arguments of the counsels for both sides the court discharged the prisoner. The Commonwealth was represented by County Attorney E. P. Neal and Glenn & Wedding and the defendant by Messrs. J. P. Sanderlin and Jno B. Wilson, who were ably assisted by Mr. S. P. Render, of Dallas, Tex. The case consumed nearly two days.

For sale by all druggists at \$1.00 and \$1.50.

Miss Sue Yeiser is visiting in Owensboro.

Hon. J. S. R. Wilding went to Louisville this morning.

Bullington is prepared to give you a good shave or shampoo.

R member Bullington when you want a good shave or hair cut.

Prof. A. C. Goodwin, of the Owensboro Female College, was in town this week.

Misses Ella and Corinne Cox have returned from a visit to Mrs. T. H. All at Auburn, Ky.

Jailor Black is having the roof of the Jail and Court House painted. Robert Crowe is doing the work.

I will preach the funeral of Thomas Vance at the new church near Henry Felix s, next Sunday, August 30. G J BRAN.

Mrs. Minnie Weiler and two daughters, Misses Lucie and Mamie, of Colorado, are visiting the family of Mr. J. E. Fugle.

Dr. J. B. Pendleton was much worse yesterday than it was reported late yesterday evening that he was at death's door.

You will notice in another column in this issue the "ad" of the Daviess County Fair Co. The Fair this year promises to excel any of the former years.

A McKinley and Hobart club will be organized at Rosine to-morrow night, at which time Hon. J. S. R. Wedding, District Elector, will address the voters. Everybody invited to be on hand.

The following named Democrats are attending the Congressional Convention in Elizabethtown this week: S. S. May, J. J. Bozarth, C. P. Westfield, R. Holbrook, T. J. Smith, T. L. Griffin and Shibley Taylor.

John W. Lewis will not speak in this county from September 7th to 12th as advertised by handbills, but will canvass the entire county later on.

W. A. Girson, Ch. m'n, } Com. JNO. P. MORTON, Sec'y, }

Mr. John Bidwell came near losing his life last Saturday near Heflin. He was cutting timber and a limb fell on him. He was rendered unconscious for quite a while, but at last accounts was improving as well as could be expected.

Field & Holbrook are headquarters for all kinds of vehicles such as buggies, spring wagons, carts and road wagons. They buy direct from the manufacturer for cash, thereby getting all discounts which enables them to sell as cheap as the cheapest.

Field & Holbrook have a complete line of the very best buggies to be had in the market from which to select. If you want a bargain in a buggy, spring wagon, cart or road wagon, be sure to buy from Field & Holbrook.

Last week while Mrs. E. W. Ford was visiting her parents at Sulphur Springs, her little girl Nannie Ellen got hold of some carbolic acid and was burned quite severely. Dr. Ford was immediately summoned, but when he arrived he found the burns to be very slight and now she is about recovered.

The following named persons have paid their subscription to THE REPUBLICAN since our last issue: G. W. Riley, Maxwell; J. R. Williams, J. R. Hines, G. W. Baize, R. H. Gillespie, Hartrod; W. F. Gorin, Greenville; J. T. Hodge, Beaver Dam; Harry Monroe, Louisville; V. M. Stewart, Mrs. Mildred A. Barnard, Beda; C. M. Everly, Point Pleasant.

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Program

The Teachers' District Association of Buford Magisterial district will convene September 19 at Shinkle Chapel Church, 9:30 o'clock a.m.

Welcome address—A. S. Bennett, Response—J. H. Barnes.

Importance of early training in school—S. A. Tanner.

Essay, The Lady Teacher—Miss Alberta Greer.

How to teach spelling—F. L. San-derson.

Literature in the school for the teacher—Miss Rhoda McDonald. Followed by general discussion.

Difficulties of young teachers and how to overcome it—J. L. Elmore.

Recitation—Miss Frank McDonald.

Errors in perception—W. R. Carson.

School discipline—John Keown, B. M. Tanner.

Purpose of Association work—Edgar Leach.

Relation of teacher and patrons—G. A. Weller.

General discussion.

Address—Z. H. Shultz.

All teachers of the county are cordially invited to be present, and those of the district are requested to cheerfully comply with the demands of the law.

Herald please copy.

J. L. ELMORE, V. P.

FORDSVILLE.

This place not being represented in our official county paper, THE REPUBLICAN, we will endeavor to "squibble" a few items that the outside world may know that there is such a place as Fordsville in Ohio county and that Republicanism reigns supreme. There would be an excellent place for some wide-awake young man to establish a newspaper. Our business men believe in the use of printer's ink.

The Popocatetl precinct conventions in the two Fordsville precincts held here Saturday were lightly attended, there being only about a half dozen Dems and Pups at each convention.

Our genial conductor on the Fordsville branch of the Texas, J. J. Tif-

ford, has been transferred to the main line. Mr. Lee Montgomery took his place.

Hartford Republican

FRIDAY, AUGUST 28 1896.

THE SILVERITE CATECHISM.

In Which Free Coinage Theories Are Plainly Stated.

What is money? Something made out of nothing by government.

Is there any limit to the amount of money which government can make? Only the capacity of the printing presses of the country.

What kind of money is the best? That which has the least value.

What does "cheap money" mean? Money that will buy very little wealth.

Why are some people poor? Because the money they get in exchange for their products or their labor will buy a large amount of goods.

How can the poor all be made rich? By stamping 50 cents' worth of silver "one dollar" and thus decreasing the purchasing power of money.

What is a capitalist? A wicked sinner who has worked hard and saved up a little property.

What is a patriot? A man who covets his neighbor's property and wants to get hold of it by law.

What does "reputation" mean? It is a simple scheme for readjusting the inequalities between the men who worked and the men who have not.

What is the golden rule of the silverites? Do others as they would do you.

What are we to understand by "honesty" and "good faith between men"? That creditors are to be cheated out of one-half of their property whenever the debtors control congress.

Why not benefit debtors still more by repudiating all the claims of creditors? That will come later. The public must be educated into silverism by degrees.

What is a creditor? A fiend in human shapes who loaned 100 cent-dollars and doesn't want to be paid in dollars worth 50 cents.

How will free silver help the farmers? By causing the withdrawal of all loans, paralysis of industry, stagnation of commerce and idleness of millions of workers who now buy farm products.

How will the sixteen to one scheme benefit the working classes? By making them pay twice as much for everything they buy, while giving them little or no increase in wages. It will also confiscate half of their savings bank deposits.

What is a silver mine owner? A good, kind, unselfish citizen, who doesn't want higher prices of silver so that he can get rich, but simply because he loves his fellow man.

What is a sound currency? Dollars with 50 cents' worth of silver and 50 cents' worth of flat or paper dollars all flat.

What is the chief duty of a good citizen? To hate everybody who is indolent and thrifty, and to merrily swallow all the nostrums of the cheap money office seekers.

How can the people be made prosperous? By setting class against class; discouraging the investment of capital; contracting the currency by ruining employers, driving out gold and overthrowing our sound financial system—Whiddon Graham.

Honest Gen. Jackson.

In Gen. Jackson's time a man who had 16 ounces of silver could sell them in the market for one ounce of gold, and as Gen. Jackson was a wise and far-sighted man, approved the coinage ratio, putting 16 times as much silver into a coined silver dollar as was required of gold for a gold dollar. But the large quantities of silver produced of late years and the improved and cheapened process of mining it and extracting the pure metal from the ore have so reduced its value that it now requires 32 ounces of silver to buy an ounce of gold. If Gen. Jackson were alive, he would not be caught in the company of the cheap money advocates who wish to put 50 cents' worth of silver into a dollar and pay 100 cents of debt with it. He adjusted his ratio to intrinsic value, so that all the dollars in the hands of the people should be real dollars, worth as much after they were melted by fire as they were before melting.—Philadelphia Record.

False Hopes for Labor.



Prophecy and History.

Why don't our silver friends stop telling what is going to happen if they have their way and content themselves by learning what did happen when other nations had a similar epidemic of silver lunacy such as now menaces us? Their prophecies won't accomplish anything, because they wish it, but *stun* reality will repeat the disasters with that it inflicted on others if we persist in our willful blindness.—George Gans.

Have They Cornered the Copper Cent?

A majority of the letters from the world over make your solemn claim that gold has appreciated in value since 1873 and that this appreciation has been caused by the wicked bankers who have cornered all the gold. Has anyone suggested that these wicked bankers have cornered all the cents? In 1873 it required 120 cents to purchase only one ounce of silver. To-day it requires only 68 cents to purchase this same one ounce of silver. In 1879 it required 125 cents to purchase one bushel of wheat. To-day 63 cents will purchase one bushel of wheat. And yet 100 cents will purchase the same amount of gold to-day as it could in 1873. Clearly, then, it is this bad little copper cent that has caused all our hard times and the gold. Let us compel all of our creditors to accept five mills instead of ten for one cent.—Common Sense, in N. Y. World.

The Issue in Pure Silver.

Stop bothering your head about the figures sixteen to one, leave the gold standard out of the question, for there is no direct issue upon it, and consider the real issue, silver. A lump of silver of a certain size, 37½ grains in weight, is to-day worth 53 cents. That is flat dishonesty. It is pregnant with trouble for every man, laborer or capitalist, who lives by industry, and it would leave to the United States the hurt of lasting mistrust in the mind of every industrial investor and leader, American or foreign. Beat it as the American voter beat the populists four years ago—by ten to one.

ARE YOU INSURED?

If So, You Should Vote with Caution This Year.

Col. Greene, president of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance company, has addressed a letter to the 250,000 policy holders of the company, in which he says:

"We never supposed it necessary to provide that you should pay your premiums or that we should promise to pay our policies in any particular kind or quality of dollars; both—with the exception of certain Canadian insurance made during the civil war and white gold was at a premium—are payable in 'lawful money' only on the confident assumption that the American people are sufficiently honest to keep its dollars meaning what they were meant to mean and always had meant."

But now comes a political party and avows its distinct purpose to make a dollar mean three distinct and widely different things: (1) A gold dollar, worth as bullion 100 cents anywhere in the world; (2) a silver dollar, worth as bullion only 52 cents at the present time; (3) all the paper promises of dollars to be hereafter issued by the government only, redeemable in either 100

cent gold dollars, 32 cent (or less) silver dollars or in new promises to pay, at the option of the debtor or redeemer. You do not need to be told that only one most valuable of these dollars would remain in use. The inevitable experience of all the ages fixes that fact before hand."

Senator Teller is a silver monetarist, and so are all advocates of free coinage upon this platform, the government dross, instead of being paid, as now, in gold at 100 cents, or in paper, which it now redeems with such gold and never with silver, would be paid in silver or the paper redeemed in silver, which silver could be used in trade at only its bullion value of 32 cents on the dollar. The greenbacks then being redeemed in 52 cent dollars, the government bonds and their interest being paid in 52 cent dollars, our national bank currency, which rests on government bonds, redeemable in 52 cent greenbacks and the gold gone from domestic circulation into international trade, shall be on the single 52 cent silver dollar basis. One-hundred-cent gold dollars do not swap even for 52 cent dollars of silver, iron or copper. Fifty-two cents' worth of anything can never buy more than 52 cents' worth of anything else. Then the purchasing power of your policies will be cut in two.

Coming upon a silver basis would intensely stimulate again the production of silver. The ores are now easily accessible, in inexhaustible quantity, from which silver can be put upon the market at a profit of 40 to 50 cents an ounce, at which price a "silver dollar" would be worth 30 to 38 cents, or less than a greenback was during the darkest days of 1884. Under that stimulus and under such conditions there can be no possible doubt that the price of silver would steadily decline until the average demand for silver, which it can be produced, will be 25 cents an ounce, and to be sold less than 25 cents an ounce, and always driven the more valuable coin out of circulation, it would inevitably precipitate this country to a silver basis, making silver the only money of redemption and silver or silver notes the only money in use.

The free coinage men are therefore non-monetarists, but silver monetarists. They are contractors. They would make money scarcer instead of more plentiful, poorer instead of better.

The Grand Army of Creditors.

The gentlemen who think that they have made an attractive bid for votes by proposing a 50-cent dollar for debtors to pay their debts with are reckoning without their host. Every state of the union is full of creditors, and they will never consent to defraud and cheat themselves.

Among these creditors are:

All persons who work for wages, salary or by the piece.

All members of building and loan associations.

All depositors in savings, national, state or private banks.

All holders of life, fire and accident insurance policies.

All members of benevolent and fraternal insurance orders.

All holders of industrial insurance.

All widows, orphans or wards dependent wholly or partially upon the income from investments.

All educational and charitable institutions dependent wholly or in part upon the income of their endowments. In fact, the 50-cent silver dollar would be of advantage to few persons in the long run save the speculators, who would gamble on the inevitable fluctuations in its purchasing power and in the price of commodities.

Why Silver is Cheap.

The Boston Globe says: "The 'crime of 1873' is charged with the decline in the price of silver. The white metal was 'demonetized,' and so, they say, its value in the market was reduced. What are the facts? In the 15 years preceding 1873 the whole world produced only a little more than seven times as much silver as gold, or, say, 615,900,000 ounces of silver for that entire period. In the year 1873, when the silver miners of the United States were pouring out their product, less than 14 times as much silver as gold was produced in the world. But after 1873 the world's production of silver increased with great rapidity. For the last 15 years it has been at the rate of just about twenty ounces of silver to one ounce of gold. The figures for these 15 years are: Silver, 1,682,000,000 ounces; gold, \$4,000,000,000 ounces."

A One-Sided Question.

Our currency, based as it is on gold redemption, was never so far uniformed as good in every part of the union. The wages of labor, paid in this currency, are higher than in any other civilized country. Under these circumstances, what possible improvement can there be for workmen, professional men, persons with fixed salaries or any other part of our population, unless it be those who have silver-bullion to sell, to change the standard of value, thereby cutting down wages and salaries one-half and bringing the whole business of the country into a condition of confusion and panic?"—Philadelphia Record.

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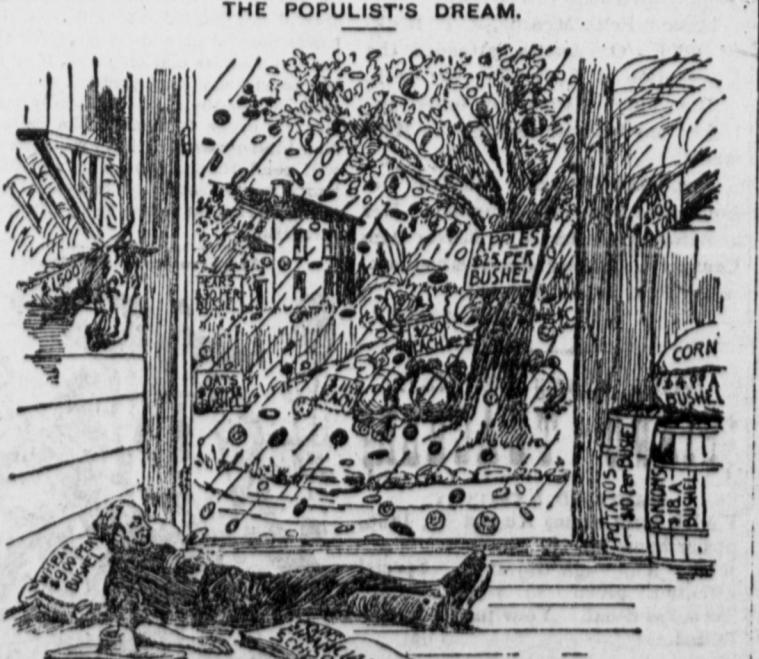
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NOT BIMETALLISTS.

True Coinage Men Are Silver Monometalists.

Senator Teller calls himself a bimetallic. He defines bimetallic as "the equal treatment of both gold and silver at the mints."

Senator Teller is a silver monetarist, and so are all advocates of free coinage upon this platform, the government dross, instead of being paid, as now,

General Directory.

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Lieut. Governor—W. J. Worthington.

Secretary of State—Charles Finley.

Attorney General—W. S. Taylor.

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Superintendent Public Instruction—Geo. M. Davison.

Register Land Office—Chas. O. Reynolds.

Insurance Bureau—Commissioner D. W. Comingore.

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State Librarian—Mrs. Mary Brown Day.

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Samuel F. Brown.

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Representative Fourth District—Hon. John W. Lewis.

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Representative Ohio County—Hon. C. M. Barnett.

OHIO COUNTY.

CIRCUIT COURT.

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Hon. J. Edwin Rowe, Attorney—Owensboro.

T. H. Black, Jailer—Hartford.

G. B. Likens, Clerk—Hartford.

B. D. Ringo, Master Commissioner—Hartford.

G. B. Likens, Trustee Jury Fund—Hartford.

Cal. P. Keown, Sheriff—Hartford.

Deputies—Samuel Keown—Hartford.

Jos. Roberts, Fordville; Thos. R. Bishop, Centerville; S. T. Stevens, Cromwell.

Court convenes first Monday in November—two weeks.

COUNTY COURT.

John P. Morton, Judge—Hartford.

D. M. Hocker, Clerk—Hartford.

E. P. Neal, Attorney—Hartford.

Court convenes first Monday in October.

QUARTERLY COURT.

Begins on the third Monday in January, April, July and October.

COURT OF CLAIMS.

Convenes first Monday in January, and November—two weeks.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Convenes first Monday in January, April, July and October.

COURT OF CLAIMS.

Convenes first Monday in January, April, July and October.

COURT OF APPEALS.

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